**Mental Help Seeking Attitudes Scale (MHSAS)**

INSTRUCTIONS: For the purposes of this survey, “mental health professionals” include psychologists, psychiatrists, clinical social workers, and counselors. Likewise, “mental health concerns” include issues ranging from personal difficulties (e.g., loss of a loved one) to mental illness (e.g., anxiety, depression).

Please mark the circle that best represents your opinion. For example, if you feel that your seeking help would be extremely useless, you would mark the circle closest to "useless." If you are undecided, you would mark the "0" circle. If you feel that your seeking help would be slightly useful, you would mark the "1" circle that is closer to "useful."

**If I had a mental health concern, seeking help from a mental health professional would be...**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Useless | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Useful |
| Important | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Unimportant |
| Unhealthy | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Healthy |
| Ineffective | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Effective |
| Good | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Bad |
| Healing | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Hurting |
| Disempowering | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Empowering |
| Satisfying | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Unsatisfying |
| Desirable | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | ⃝ | Undesirable |

**Scoring Key**

The MHSAS contains nine items which produce a single mean score. The MHSAS uses a seven-point semantic differential scale. Please note that the scale labels (3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3) are only provided to assist participants, and are not to be used in scoring the MHSAS. To counteract possible response sets, the valence of the item anchors was counterbalanced across the nine items. For example, the “useless – useful” item had the positively-valenced term (i.e., useful) on the right side of the scale, whereas the “important – unimportant” item had the positively-valenced term (i.e., important) on the left side of the scale. In order to properly calculate the MHSAS mean score, where a higher mean score indicates more favorable attitudes, it is necessary to reverse-code items 2, 5, 6, 8, and 9. After reverse coding, a score of “1” (the circle to the farthest left of the seven-point scale) on a given item should indicate an unfavorable attitude, a score of “4” (the middle circle of the seven-point scale) on a given item should indicate a neutral attitude, and a score of “7” (the circle to the farthest right side of the seven-point scale) on a given item should indicate a favorable attitude. Once reverse-coding is complete, calculate the MHSAS mean score by adding the item scores together and dividing by the total number of answered items. The resulting mean score should range from a low of 1 to a high of 7. For example, if someone answers 9 of the 9 items, the mean score is produced by adding together the 9 answered items and dividing by 9. Likewise, if someone answers 8 of the 9 items, the total score is produced by adding together the 8 answered items and dividing by 8. Per Parent’s 20% recommendation (2014; DOI: 10.1177/0011000012445176), a mean score should only be calculated for those respondents who answered at least 8 of the items. For more information about the MHSAS, please visit:[http://DrJosephHammer.com](http://drjosephhammer.com/research/mental-help-seeking-attitudes-scale-mhsas/)

\*Please visit <http://drjosephhammer.com/research/mental-help-seeking-attitudes-scale-mhsas/> for information on how to administer, score, interpret, discuss the reliability and validity of, consider the limitations of, and obtain permission to use the MHSAS.